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Beyond the Bar: Advance Visual Graphic Techniques

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DePaul University

Agenda

- DePaul Context
- Challenge
- Good Graphic Design
- Advanced Graphs
- Super graphic

The DePaul Context

- 110 years of urban, Catholic, Vincentian tradition
- Today, enrollment of 25,000 students;
- 9 colleges and 8 campuses in Chicagoland area
- Largest & fastest growing Catholic university in U.S.
- 8th largest private not-for-profit university
- The largest provider of master's level graduate education in Illinois

The Challenge

- NSSE data \rightarrow Bar graphs
- Surveys \rightarrow More bar graphs
- Academic data (admission, retention) → Bar graphs again (or line chart perhaps?)
- Demographic \rightarrow Bar graphs

Tips? Synthesize your information and create a multidimension graphic displays to provide quicker access to meaningful insights.

Good graphic design (Steven Kosslyn)

1. Connect with Your Audience

- Relevance: neither too much or too little
- Appropriate knowledge: prior knowledge of concept

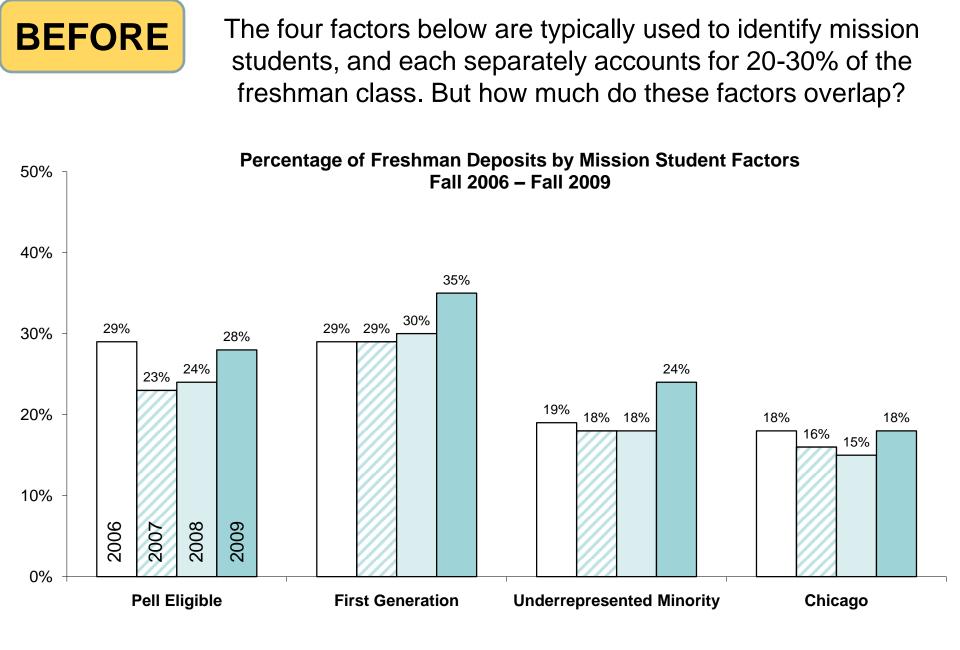
2. Direct and Hold Attention

- Salience: attention to differences
- Discriminability: differences must be noticeable
- Perceptual Organization: people automatically group

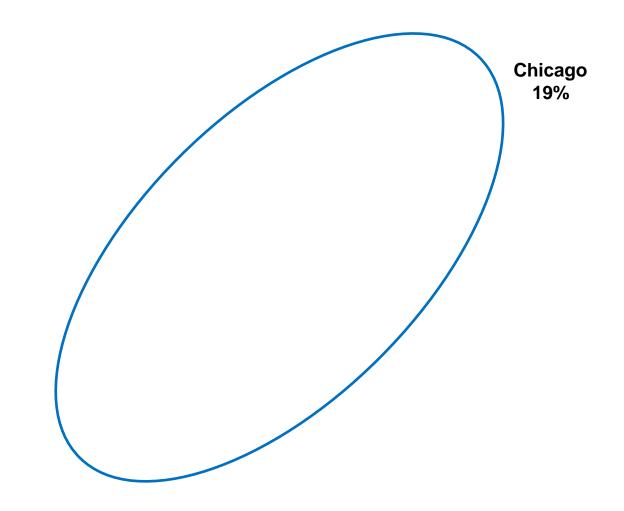
3. Promote Understanding and Memory

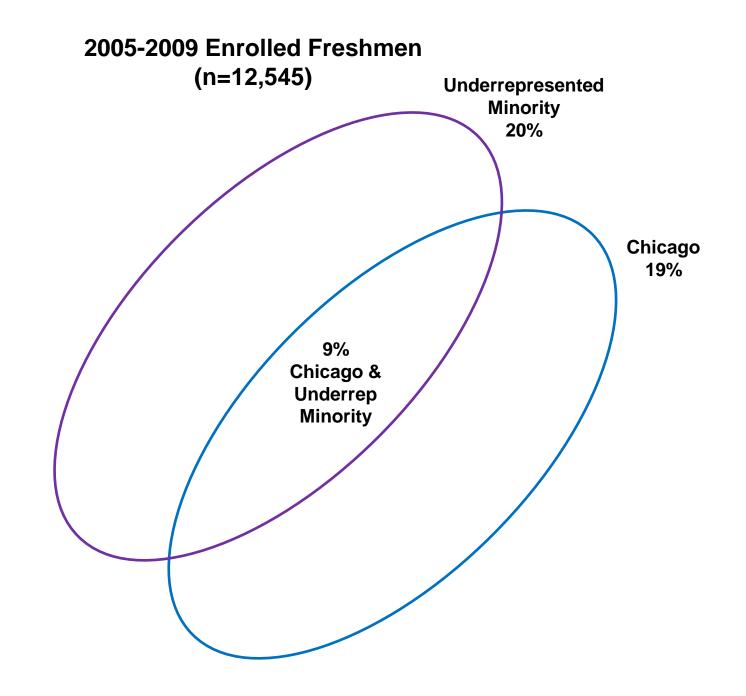
- Compatibility: message compatible with meaning
- Informative Changes: changes expected to carry meaning
- Capacity Limitations: people can only remember so much

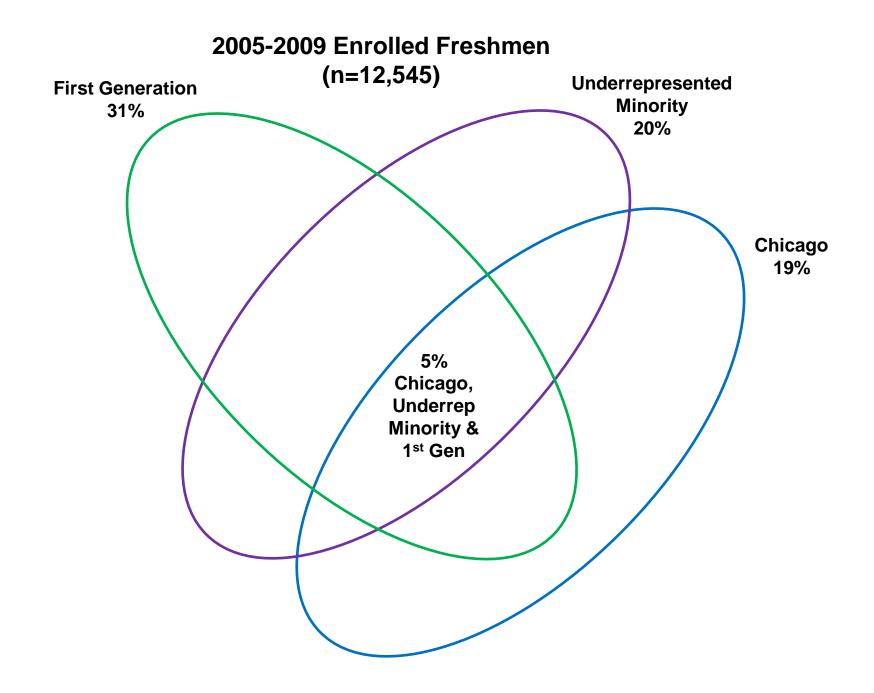
Advanced Graphs

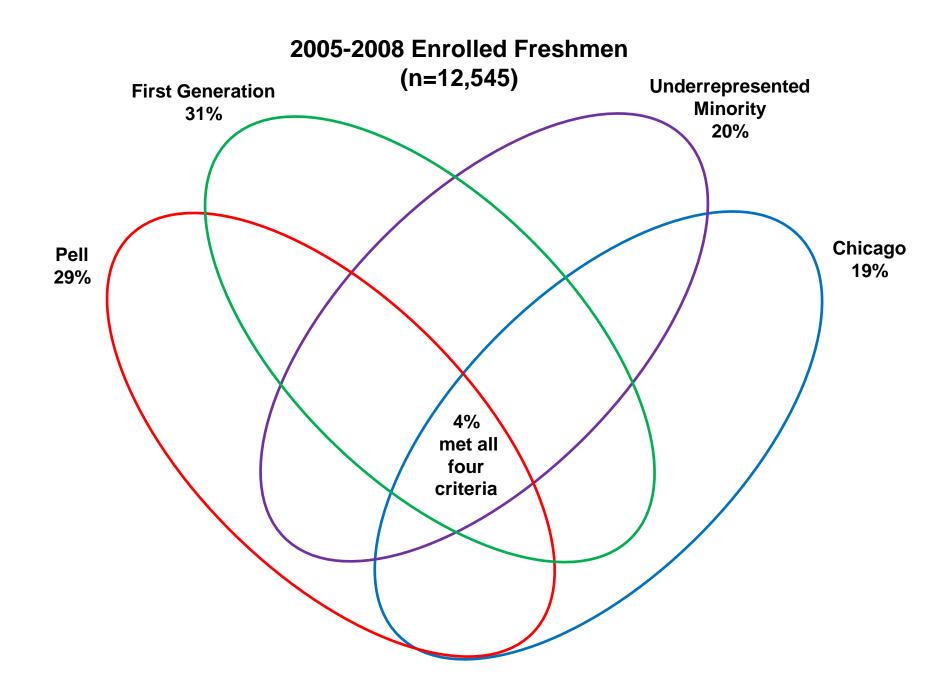


2005-2009 Enrolled Freshmen (n=12,545)



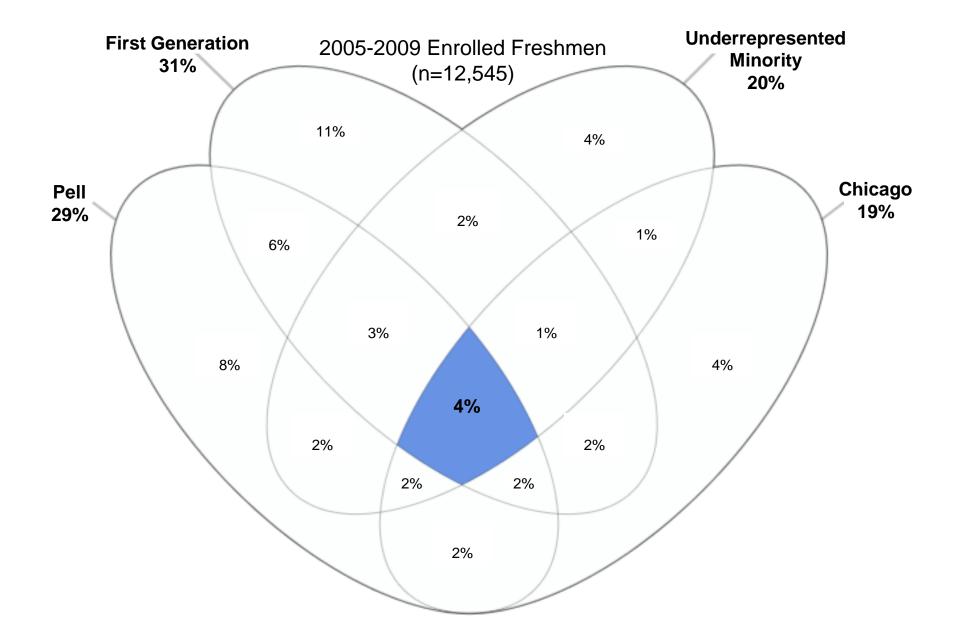








Venn diagrams are great visual tools to quickly and easily show the relationships between multiple variables.

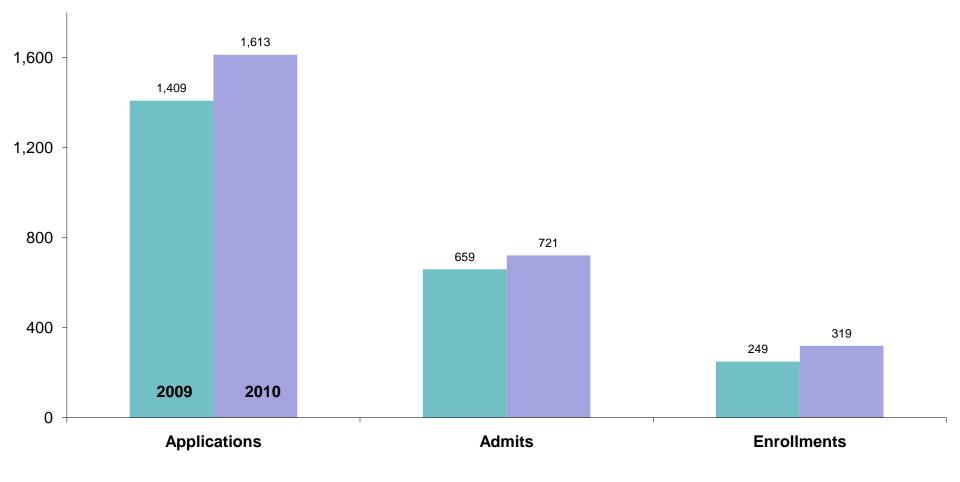




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Bar charts can show applications/admits/enrollments at one point in time, but it's difficult to see trends over the whole term.

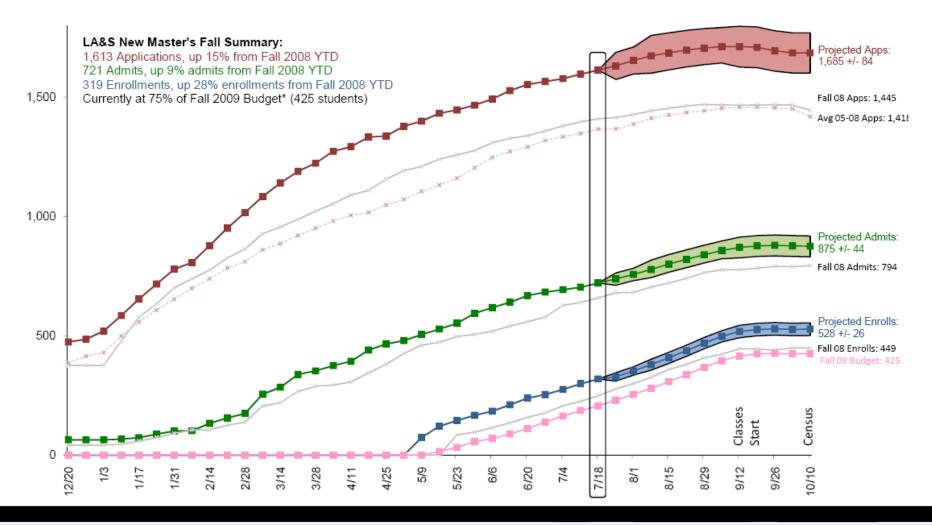
LA&S App, Admit, Deposit and Enrollment Volume 2005 - 2009





Stacked area charts can add depth to a simple line chart and visually show trends over the entire term.

LA&S Master's Projections - Fall 2009 7-18-2009





Tables can be difficult to quickly analyze.

2009 to 2010 Change in Transfer Enrollment by College and Ethnicity									
	American Indian	Asian	Black	Hispanic	Multiracial	Not Applicable	White		
Commerce	-1%	5%	2%	22%	23%	-16%	2%		
Communication	6%	-1%	10%	16%	17%	-5%	5%		
Computer Science	-1%	2%	7%	21%	19%	-19%	6%		
Education	3%	13%	16%	33%	15%	11%	12%		
Liberal Arts	-2%	5%	5%	16%	21%	-21%	11%		
Music	-1%	2%	3%	15%	33%	-16%	6%		
Theatre	-2%	1%	2%	21%	16%	-17%	3%		



Heat maps can be used to quickly highlight increases or decreases.

2009 to 2010 Change in Transfer Enrollment by College and Ethnicity									
	American Indian	Asian	Black	Hispanic	Multiracial	Not Applicable	White		
Commerce	-1%	5%	2%	22%	23%	-16%	2%		
Communication	6%	-1%	10%	16%	17%	-5%	5%		
Computer Science	-1%	2%	7%	21%	19%	-19%	6%		
Education	3%	13%	16%	33%	15%	11%	12%		
Liberal Arts	-2%	5%	5%	16%	21%	-21%	11%		
Music	-1%	2%	3%	15%	33%	-16%	6%		
Theatre	-2%	1%	2%	21%	16%	-17%	3%		

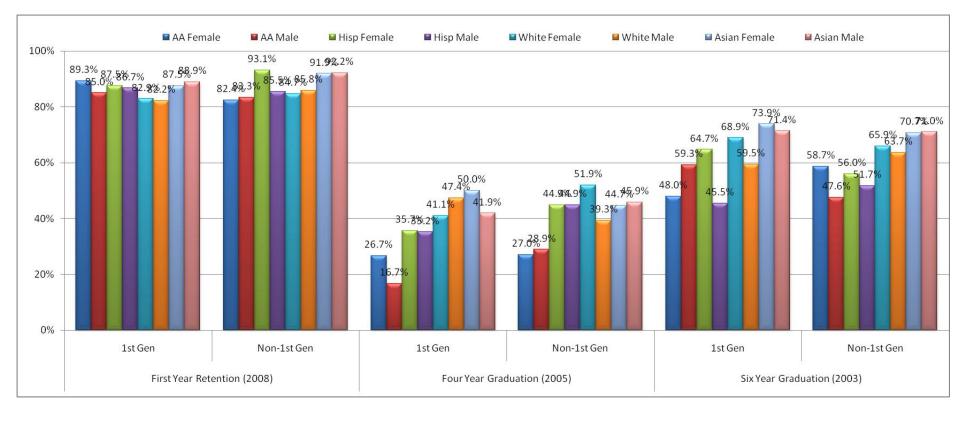
Even More Advanced Graphs



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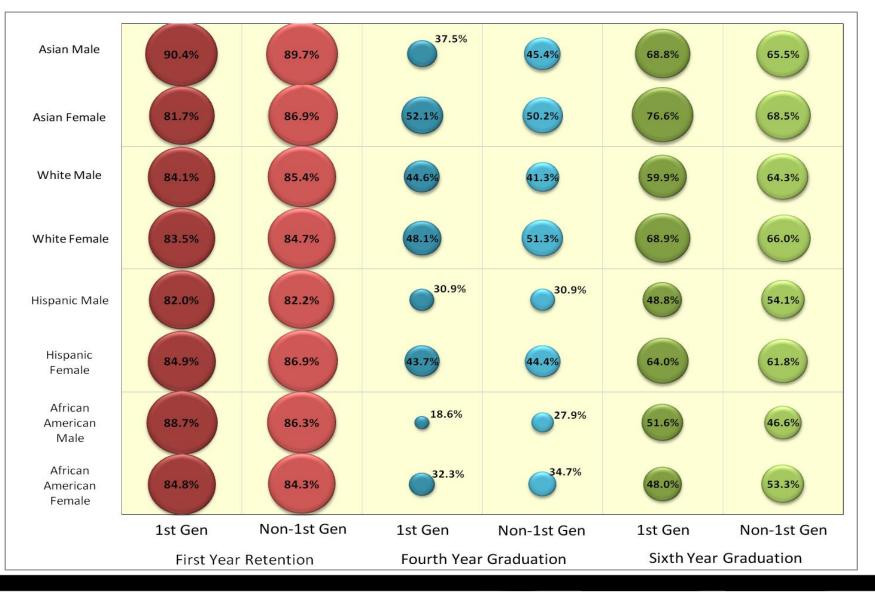
Comparing multidimensional factors that relate to one outcome can be tricky to express in one graphic.

1st, 4th, and 6th Year Retention/Graduation Rates by Gender, Race, and 1st Generation Status





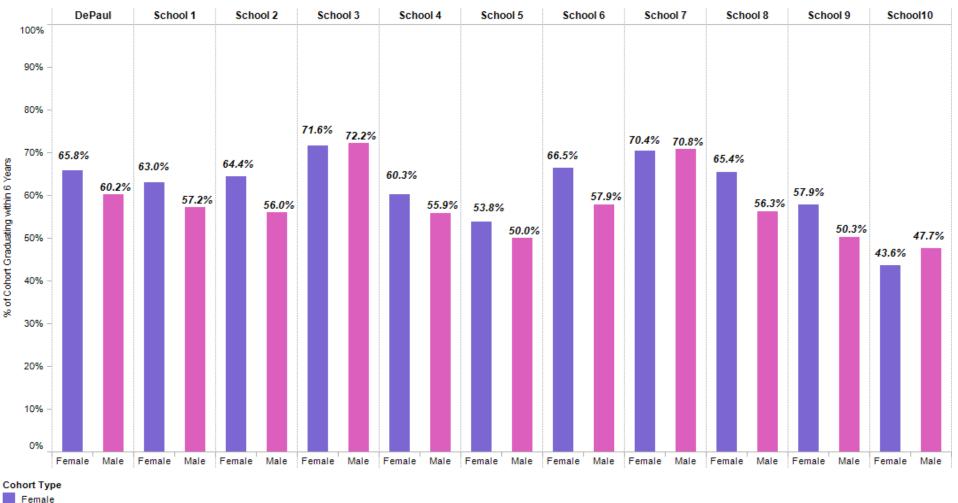
Creating a multi-dimensional graphic using size, color, axes, and text can help highlight important differences





Many times we want to compare to several groups, as in the case of benchmarking

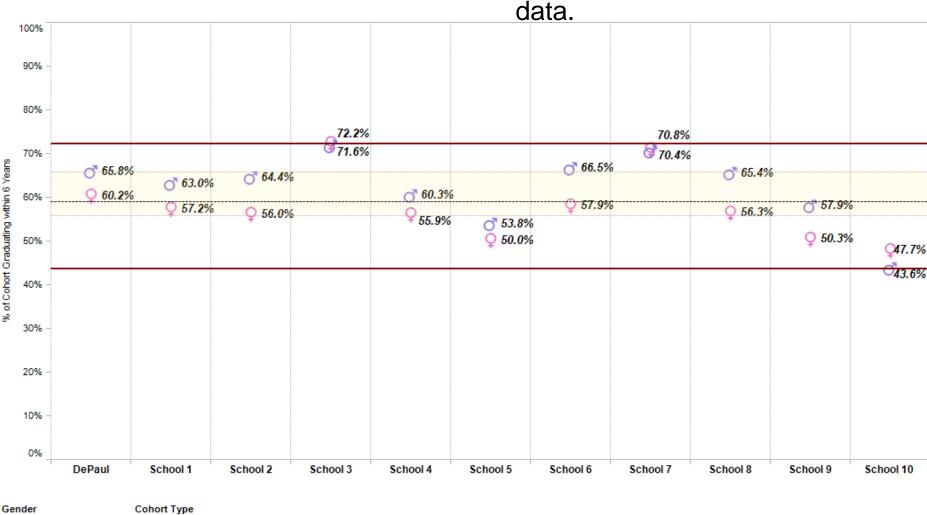
6th Year Graduation Rates by Gender and Institution



Male

AFTER

Box and whiskers can provide a range of scores to help organize the multiple values and provide a more linear way of comparing

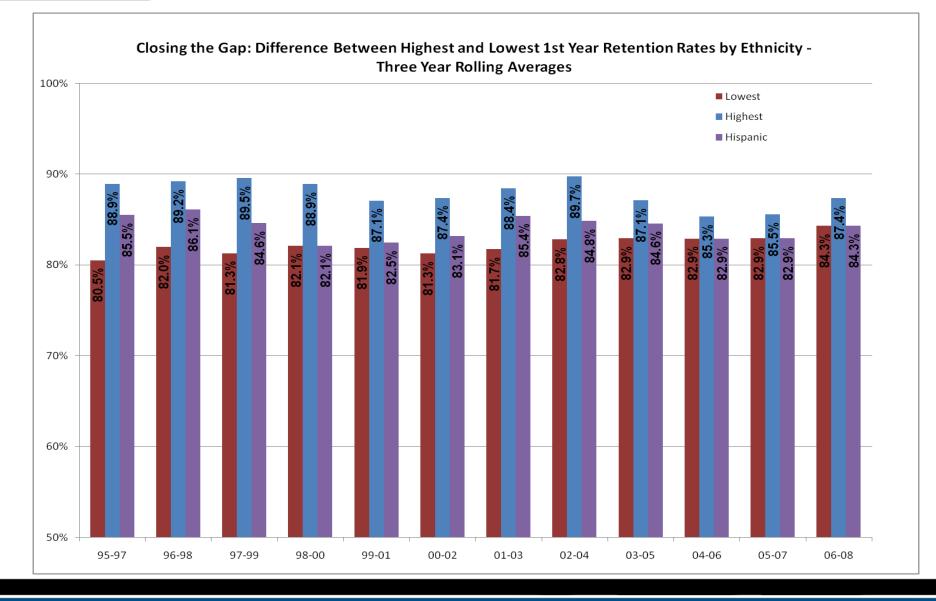


Ο' Female Ο Male

Female Male

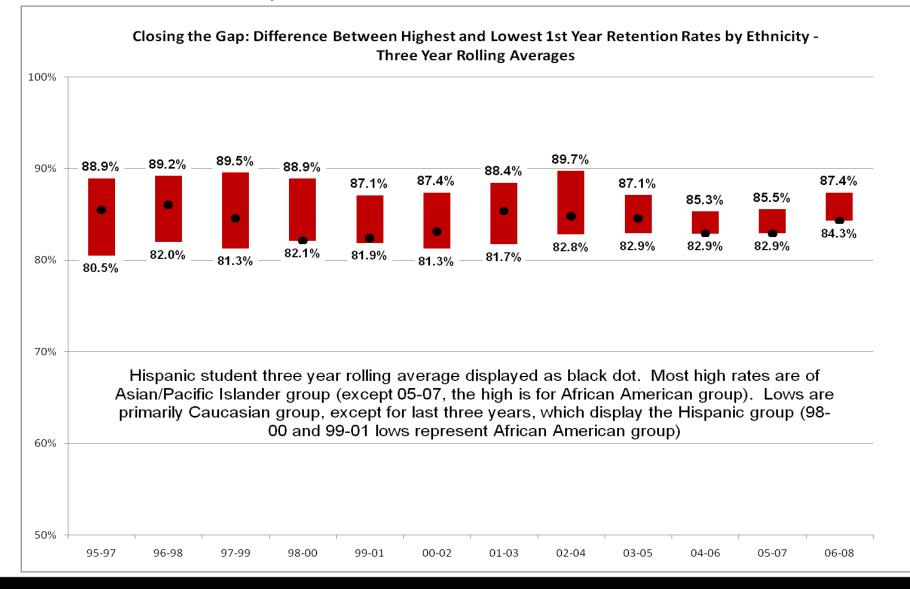


Sometimes, our charts have more information that is really necessary to understand the activity.





Displaying only what is of interest eliminates chart noise and helps the audience focus on relevant information.



BEFORE

We all have plenty of survey data....

Item Making judgments Analyzing the basic about the value of elements of an idea, information, Synthesizing and Preparing for class arguments, or Worked harder than experience, or organizing ideas, Applying theories or Number of assigned Number of written (studying, reading, Spending significant information, or theory, such as methods such as Number of written Number of written you thought you concepts to practical textbooks, books, or papers or reports writing, rehearsing, amounts of time examining how could to meet an examining a papers or reports of papers or reports of experiences into problems or in new between 5 and 19 book-length packs of and other activities studying and on instructors standards particular case or others gathered and 20 pages or more fewer than 5 pages new, more complex situations course readings related to your academic work pages situation in depth interpreted data and interpretations and or expectations academic program) assessing the and considering its relationships soundness of their components conclusions 0.25 0.20 0.15 0.10 0.05 -0.00 -0.05 -0.10 -0.15 -0.20 -0.25

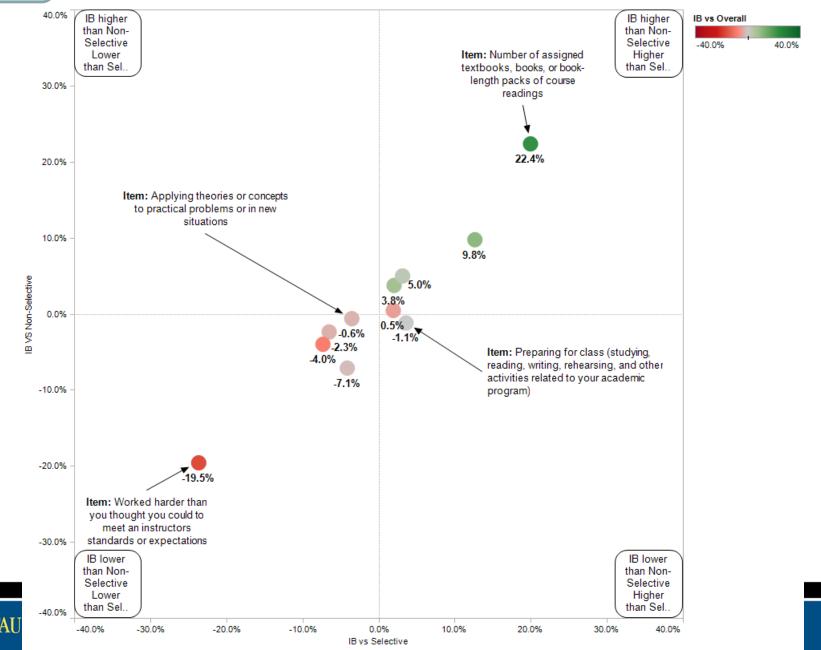
Measure Names

IB VS Non-Selective

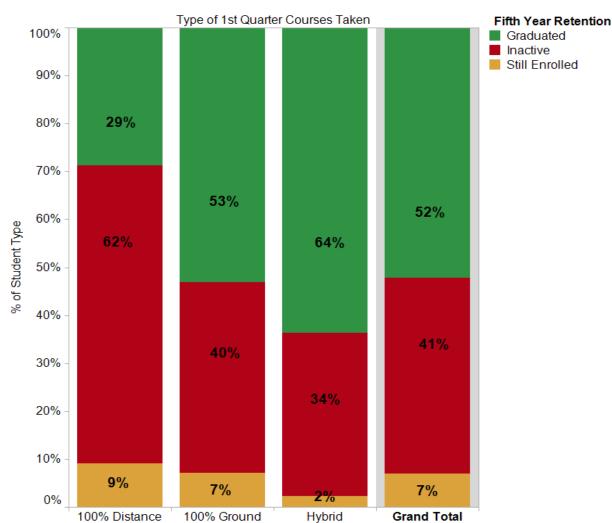
- IB vs Overall
- IB vs Selective

AFTER

Advanced graphics can compare one group to two other groups using placement and color



Determining how a group is split amongst categories compared to other groups is also a common phenomenon



Fifth Year Retention by Student Type

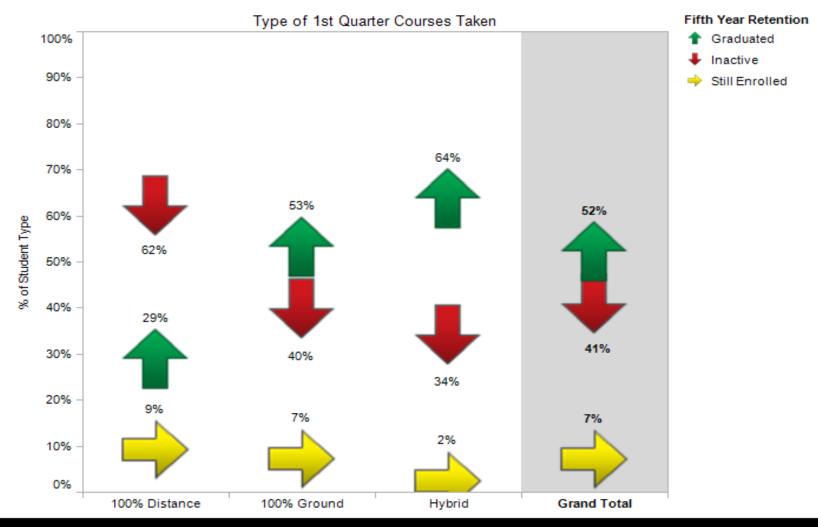
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BEFORE



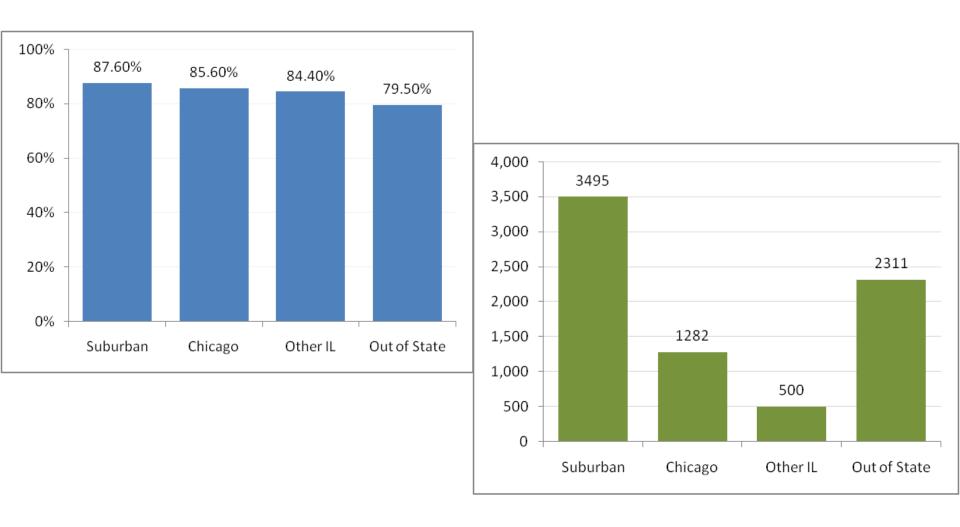
Get creative and think outside the bar by replacing the bars with more telling graphical depictions

Fifth Year Retention by Student Type



BEFORE

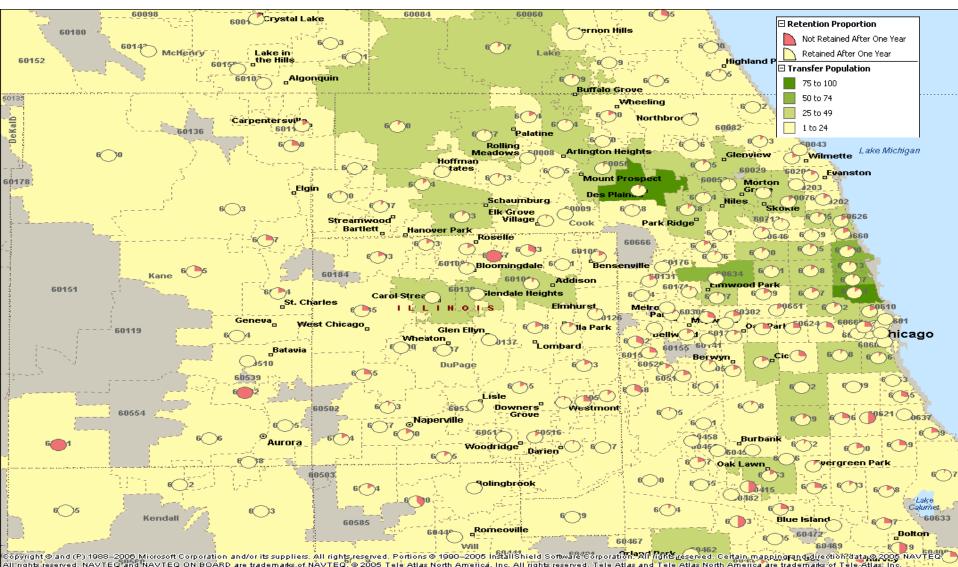
Any time location is a factor, capturing its essence can be difficult





But placing data on a map illustrates location more granularly and allows more detailed understanding

Proportion of Non-Retained/Retained Students by Zip Code: 1999-2003



There is a place for everything.



Bar charts to display multiple descriptors in one screen

Profile of DePaul Transfer Students

			All	transfers	(100%)			
Admission	Growth in applications (07-09)	16%						
	Growth in enrollment (07-09)	20%						
	Admit Rate					62%		
	Yield				56%			
Gender	Female				55%			
Ethnicity	White							
	Hispanic	13%						
	Black	12%						
	Asian							
Age	24 and older			43%				
Transfer credit	< 44 (Freshman)							
hours	44-88 (Sophomore)			44%				
	88+ (Junior)		36%					
Incoming GPA	2.5+						779	%
College	CLA&S		35%					
	SNL	24%						
	CCOMM	23%						
	COMMU							
	SCTI							
	SEDUC							
	SMUSC							
	THESC							
1st -yr retention*	Retained							82%
1st -yr GPA (nonS	2.5 and above						78	%
4-yr graduation	Graduated					63%		

BEFORE chart to display descriptors of several groups in one screen

Profile of DePaul Transfer Students: Overall, 2-year and 4-year colleges

		All transfers (100%)	2-yr colleges	(51%) 4-yr	colleges (31%)	
Admission	Growth in applications (07-09)	16%	21%	11%		
	Growth in enrollment (07-09)	20%	25%	9%		
	Admit Rate	62%		68%	56%	
	Yield	56%		59%	49%	
Gender	Female	55%		- 1		
Ethnicity	White					
	Hispanic	13%	14%	12%		
	Black	12%	11%	14%		
	Asian					
Age	24 and older	43%	42%		37%	
Transfer credit	< 44 (Freshman)		13%		27%	
hours	44-88 (Sophomore)	44%	47%	6	48%	
	88+ (Junior)	36%	40%	2	25%	
Incoming GPA	2.5+	7	7%	77%	78%	
College	CLA&S	35%	36%		41%	
	SNL	24%	21%	2	25%	
	CCOMM	23%	26%	169	6	
	COMMU			8%		
	SCTI					
	SEDUC		1			
	SMUSC		F			
	THESC		1			
1st -yr retention*	Retained		32%	84%	80%	
1st -yr GPA (nonS	2.5 and above	7	8%	76%	83%	
4-yr graduation	Graduated	63%		63%	63%	



Use color to gain quick insights on differences

		All transfore (100%)	Student Group	Avr colleges (21%)
Admission	Growth in applications (07-09)	All transfers (100%)	2-yr colleges (51%)	4-yr colleges (31%)
Admission	Growth in enrollment (07-09)	20%		
		20%		
	Admit Rate	and the second		
Gender	Yield	56%		
	Female	55%		
Ethnicity	White	48%		
	Hispanic	13%		
	Black	12%		
	Asian	<u> </u>		
Age	24 and older	43%		
Transfer credit hours	< 44 (Freshman)	20%		
	44-88 (Sophomore)	44%		
	88+ (Junior)	36%		
Incoming GPA	2.5+	77%		
College	CLA&S	35%	-	
	SNL	24%		
	CCOMM	23%		
	сомми	7		
	SCTI			
	SEDUC		Ē.	
	SMUSC		Ĩ.	
l	THESC			
1st -yr retention*	Retained	82%		
1st -yr GPA (non SNL)	2.5 and above	78%		
4-yr graduation	Graduated	63%		

Difference compared to all transfers

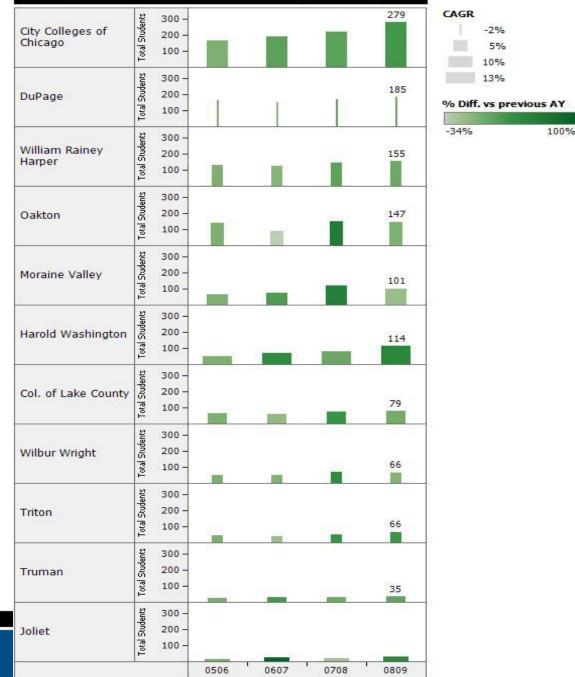
-20%

20%

Bar graphs: Use Color and Size to add 2 more dimensions.

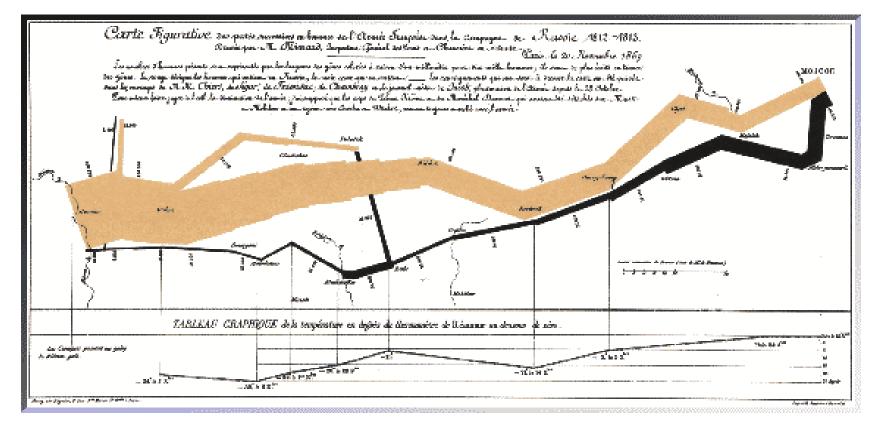
Use color sensibly.





Super graphic

...are usually somewhat complex, interesting, involved images intended present a ton of info clearly.



ACT Test Takers Graduating Class of 2009: Illinois Public and Catholic High Schools

Total Students (Total Schools)			Trend 200	5-2009	Student Profile						
School Type	2005	2009					Public	Cath	olic		
				129,092	Gender	Female		4	47%		
Public (684)	121,262	129,092	121,262		Ethnicity	African American	15%	8%			
			121,202			Asian American	L.	2%			
Catholic (73)	9,979	9,787	9,979			Caucasian	57%		65%		
				9,787		Mexican, P.Rican/Cuban/Hisp	10 A	11%			
Other Private (121)	2,526	2,880		2,880	Religion	Catholic	17%		60%		
			2,526		Income Level	Less than \$50K	38%	20%			
						\$50K - \$80K		16%			
		ACT S	(2000)			\$80K - <mark>\$1</mark> 00K	7%	12%			
		ACT SC	cores (2008) Public	Catholic		More than \$100K	9%	19%			
Average ACT	Compo	site	20.5	22.8	Intended College Location	In Illinois			58%		
Wordgorie	Constant Constants			1.7 112 (04)	Intended College Type	4-yr private	11%	29%			
	English		20.1	23.4	College Choice (1 of 6 choices)	DePaul	5%	8%			
	Math		20.6	22.1	Financial Aid	Need Fin. Aid			69%		
	Reading	g	20.4	23.2	Top 10 Intended Major	Undecided	10%	20%			
	Science	9	20.3	22.1		Health Sciences		14%			
					-	Business & Mgmt/Office	10 III	11%			
						Social Sciences		6%			
			es) account for 7.5% of to			Education/Teacher Ed	1	5%			
			HS graduates public sch tholic HS declined by 2%			Engineering/Eng Tech	E.	5%			
Compared to stude	ents from th	he IL public	schools, students from tight	he Catholic schools		Math & Science	E.	5%			

had a higher % of students who are White and/or from higher income. They also had a higher average ACT score and were more likely to plan to attend 4-year private college.

% Difference compared to Public

-100%

Visual & Performing Arts/Classi..

Communications

Community & Pers Serv

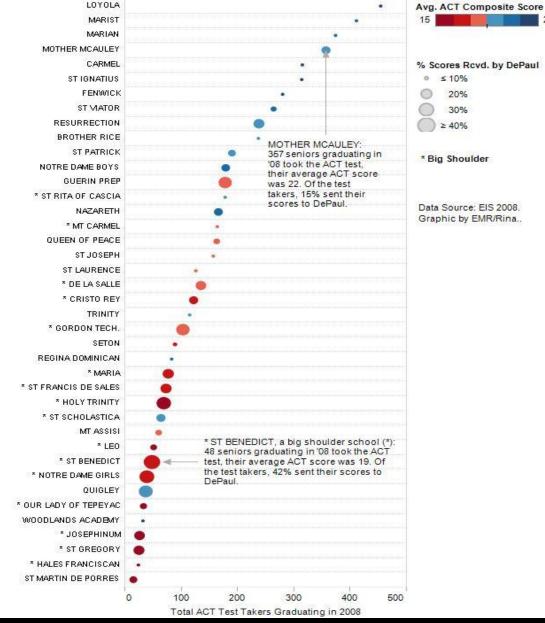
4%

3%

2%

Archdiocese of Chicago: Map, Size and Avg. ACT Scores (ACT Test Takers Graduating Class of 2008)

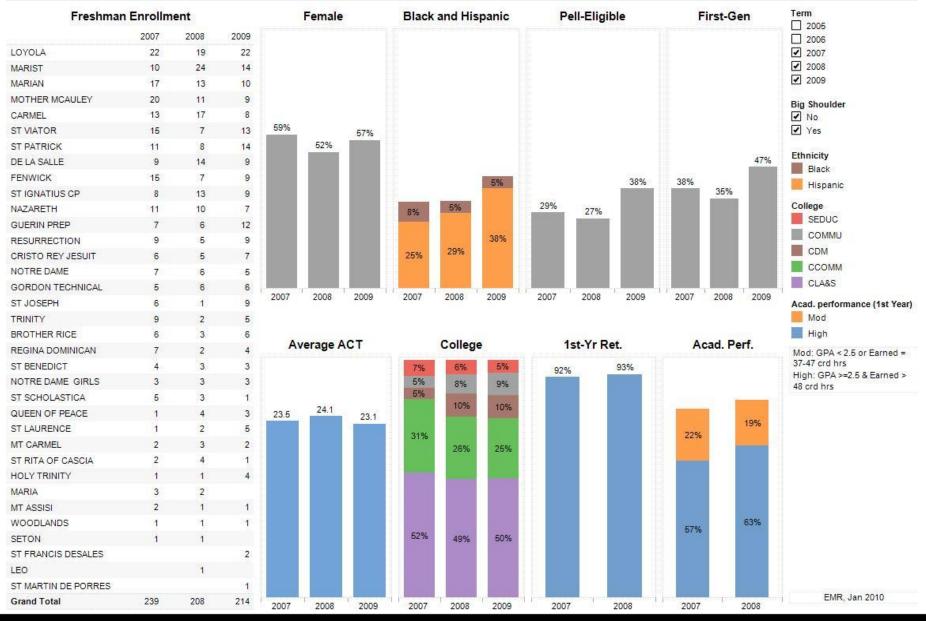




27

Interactive

DePaul Freshmen from the Archdiocese of Chicago High Schools Enrollment, Demographic and Academic Profile



What We've Learned

- Add dimension or create a multi-dimension graphic displays
- Synthesize your information
- Apply good graphic design principles
- Bar charts can still be useful

Goals: Provide quicker access to meaningful insights

Contact Info

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